

Cerebrovascular ischaemia after carbon monoxide intoxication

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On page e27, the normal range for carboxyhaemoglobin should have been 0%–10%, and the suggested ranges for non-smokers and smokers are 0%–2% and 0%–10%,^(1–3) respectively.

Table I. Laboratory test results of the patient.

Parameter	Hospital stay (day)					Normal range
	1*	1†	2	3	5	
WBC count ($\times 10^9/L$)	19.70	NA	11.50	NA	9.40	4.0–10.0
Troponin I ($\mu g/L$)	0.49	NA	2.68	1.32	0.78	0–0.10
Creatine kinase-MB fraction ($\mu g/L$)	65.59	NA	58.38	45.22	10.15	0–5.0
Carboxyhaemoglobin (%)	32.54	2.41	0.32	NA	NA	0–10.0*

Data for Day 4 not available. *At presentation to emergency services with carbon monoxide intoxication. †Two hours after presentation with the following readings: pH = 7.39; bicarbonate = 21.3 mmol/L; base excess = -4.7 mmol/L; lactate = 0.8 mmol/L. *0%–2% for non-smokers; 0%–10% for smokers^(1–3) NA: not available; WBC: white blood cell

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